

Veiledning for utfylling av 5.1.352 Storbritannia, helsesertifikat, animalske biprodukt til kjæledyrfôr, GBHC565

Veiledning om utfylling av del 1.

Veiledning for hva som skal fylles ut i de ulike feltene i del 1 av sertifikatet finnes her:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/how-to-complete-a-health-certificate-for-imports-to-great-britain/how-to-complete-a-health-certificate-for-imports-to-great-britain>

Det er eksportør som er ansvarlig for at innholdet i sertifikatet er korrekt.

Veiledning om utfylling av del 2.

Part III. Notes for completion

These notes for completion must be read and understood by the certifying officer before signing the certificate. Notes are set out in sections that correspond to the sections in the certificate. By signing this certificate, certifiers are verifying that the consignment meets the requirements set out in the certificate and any relevant corresponding notes for completion.

These notes do not need to be printed as part of a paper certificate that accompanies the consignment or in any electronic copy of the certificate.

References to European Union legislation within this certificate are references to direct EU legislation which has been retained in Great Britain (retained EU law as defined in the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018) and can be viewed on the UK legislation website (legislation.gov.uk).

References to Great Britain in this certificate include Channel Islands and Isle of Man.

References to GB requirements refer to the requirement(s) of Great Britain as set out in the accompanying notes for completion.

Part I

- Box reference I.6: *Person responsible for the consignment in Great Britain*: this box is to be filled in only if it is a certificate for transit commodity; it may be filled in if the certificate is for a commodity to be imported into Great Britain.
- Box reference I.12: *Place of destination*: this box is to be filled in only if it is a certificate for a transit commodity. Products in transit may only be stored in free zones, free warehouses and custom warehouses.
- Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship); information is to be provided in the case of unloading and reloading in Great Britain.
- Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS code: 05.04; 05.06; 05.07; 05.11.91 or 05.11.99; 23.01; 41.01.
- Box reference I.23: For bulk containers, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) must be included.
- Box reference I.25: *Technical use*: any use other than feeding of farmed animals, other than fur animals, and the production or manufacturing of pet food.
- Box reference I.26 and I.27: Fill in according to whether it is a transit or an import certificate.

Box reference I.28: *Species*: select from the following: *Aves*, *Ruminantia*, *Suidae*, *Mammalia* other than *Ruminantia* or *Suidae*, *Pesca*, *Mollusca*, *Crustacea*, invertebrates other than *Mollusca* and *Crustacea*;

Manufacturing plant: provide the veterinary control number of the approved establishment.

Part II

Animal Health

By signing this certificate, you, the official veterinarian, are certifying that you have read and understood Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 and Commission Regulation (EU) No 142/2011, and in particular Chapter II of Annex XIV thereto.

AH/T503 Territory requirements

Enter the name and ISO code number of the exporting country as laid down in:

- a document relating to 'fresh meat of ungulates' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.^(†)
- a document relating to 'poultry and poultry products' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 798/2008.^(†)
- a document relating to 'meat of wild leporidae, certain wild land mammals and of farmed rabbits' published on GOV.UK^(†), in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 119/2009.

In addition, the ISO code of regionalisation in the abovementioned documents (where applicable for the susceptible species concerned) must be included.

Option **(b)** is only applicable only for countries from which game meat intended for human consumption of the same animal species is authorised for importation into Great Britain.

AH/E412B Establishment requirements

No further notes for completion.

AH/A504 Animal requirements (general)

This certificate can be used for a number of animal by-products, including aquatic animals (except sea mammals) and certain material originating from animals that did not show signs of disease communicable disease to humans or animals, such as hatchery byproducts, eggs and egg by-products and day-old chicks killed for commercial reasons. For these products, it is not relevant or appropriate to attest to the slaughter conditions of the animals that have contributed to the ABP. In this circumstance, it is acceptable to certify the 'either X' statement presented in the certificate in its entirety on the basis that this provides the relevant assurances [a(i) and b(i)] from the conditions presented. The entire statement should be retained.

The animal by-products have been obtained from or produced by animals:

EITHER **X:** **(a)** coming from holdings:

- (i)** where, for the following diseases for which the animals are susceptible, there has been no case/outbreak of rinderpest, swine vesicular disease, Newcastle disease or highly pathogenic avian influenza during the period of the preceding 30 days, nor of classical or African swine fever during the period of the preceding 40 days; nor in the holdings situated in their vicinity within a 10 km radius, during the period of the preceding 30 days; and

- (ii) where there has been no case/outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease during the period of the preceding 60 days, nor in the holdings situated in their vicinity within a 25 km radius, during the period of the preceding 30 days; and

(b) which:

- (i) were not killed to eradicate any epizootic disease;
- (ii) have remained in their holdings of origin for a period of at least 40 days before the date of departure and which have been transported directly to the slaughterhouse without any contact with other animals which did not comply with the same health conditions;
- (iii) at the slaughterhouse, have passed the ante-mortem health inspection during the period of 24 hours preceding the time of slaughter and have shown no evidence of the diseases referred to above for which the animals are susceptible; and
- (iv) have been handled in the slaughterhouse before and at the time of slaughter or killing in accordance with the relevant provisions of retained EU law and have met requirements at least equivalent to those laid down in Chapters II and III of Council Regulation (EC) No 1099/2009.

OR

Y: (a) captured and killed in the wild in an area:

- (i) in which within a 25 km radius there has been no case/outbreak of any of the following diseases for which the animals are susceptible: foot-and-mouth disease, Newcastle disease or highly pathogenic avian influenza during the period of the preceding 30 days, nor of classical or African swine fever during the period of the preceding 40 days; and rinderpest;
- (ii) situated at a distance of at least 20 km from any country or part of the territory of a country not authorised for export to Great Britain of poultry material during the preceding 30 days or of porcine material during the preceding 40 days;

(b) which:

- (i) were not killed to eradicate any epizootic disease;
- (ii) after killing were transported within a period of 12 hours following the killing for chilling either to a collection centre and immediately afterwards to a game handling establishment or directly to a game handling establishment.

AH/P008 Product requirements (segregation)

No further notes for completion. **AH/P101B Product**

requirements (composition) One or more options can

be selected.

A: Carcasses and parts of animals slaughtered or, in the case of game, bodies or parts of animals killed which were deemed fit for human consumption in accordance with retained EU law until irreversibly declared as animal by-products for commercial reasons.

B: Carcasses and the following parts originating either from animals that were slaughtered in a slaughterhouse and were considered fit for slaughter for human consumption following an ante-mortem inspection or bodies and the following parts of animals from game killed for human consumption in accordance with retained EU law :

- (i) carcasses or bodies and parts of animals which were rejected as unfit for human consumption in accordance with retained EU law, but which did not show any signs of disease communicable to humans or animals;

- (ii)** heads of poultry;
 - (iii)** hides and skins, including trimmings and splitting thereof, horns and feet, including the phalanges and the carpus and metacarpus bones, tarsus and metatarsus bones;
 - (iv)** pig bristles;
 - (v)** feathers.
- C:** Animal by-products arising from the production of products intended for human consumption, including degreased bone, greaves and centrifuge or separator sludge from milk processing.
- D:** Products of animal origin, or foodstuffs containing products of animal origin, which are no longer intended for human consumption for commercial reasons or due to problems of manufacturing or packaging defects or other defects from which no risk to public or animal health arises.
- E:** Aquatic animals, and parts of such animals, except sea mammals, which did not show any signs of diseases communicable to humans or animals.
- F:** Animal by-products from aquatic animals originating from establishments or plants manufacturing products for human consumption.
- G:** The following material originating from animals which did not show any signs of disease communicable through that material to humans or animals:
- (i)** shells from shellfish with soft tissue or flesh;
 - (ii)** the following originating from terrestrial animals:
 - hatchery by-products;
 - eggs;
 - egg by-products, including egg shells;
 - (iii)** day-old chicks killed for commercial reasons.
- H:** Animal by-products from aquatic or terrestrial invertebrates, other than species pathogenic to humans or animals.
- I:** Animals and parts thereof of the zoological orders of Rodentia and Lagomorpha, except Category 1 material as referred to in Article 8(a)(iii), (iv) and (v) of Regulation (EC)No 1069/2009 and Category 2 material as referred to in Article 9(a) to (g) of that Regulation.
- J:** Material from animals which have been treated with certain substances which are prohibited by Council Directive 96/22/EC, the import of the material being permitted in accordance with Article 35(a)(ii) of Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009.

AH/P507 Packaging and labelling

No further notes for completion.

AH/P611B Product requirements No

further notes for completion.

AH/P613 Product requirements (charcoal marking)

This statement only applies to raw material derived from animals treated with substances prohibited by Directive 96/22/EC. It may be deleted unless the product being exported is a Category 1 material that has undergone the specified treatment in a third country, prior to import into GB.

The raw material, as per Article 35(a)(ii) of Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009:

- (a)** has been marked in the third country before entry into the territory of Great Britain by a cross of liquefied charcoal or activated carbon on each outer side of each frozen block, or, when the raw material is

transported in pallets which are not divided into separate consignments during transport to the petfood plant of destination in Great Britain or during the transit through Great Britain on each outer side of each pallet, in a way that the marking covers at least 70 % of the diagonal length of the frozen block and be of at least 10 cm width;

- (b) in the case of material which is not frozen, the raw material has been marked in the third country before entry into the territory of Great Britain by spraying it with liquefied charcoal or by applying charcoal powder in such a way that the charcoal is clearly visible on the material; and
- (c) where the animal by-products are made up of raw material which has been treated as referred to above and other non-treated raw material, all the raw materials have been marked as referred to in point (a) and (b) above.

AH/P900 Product requirements (specific requirements)

Supplementary guarantees to be provided when the material of domestic ruminants originated in the territory of a South American country, South Africa or part thereof from where only matured and deboned fresh meat of domestic ruminants for human consumption is permitted for exportation to Great Britain. The whole masseter muscles of bovine animals, incised in accordance with Article 19 paragraph 1(a) to Regulation (EU) No 2019/627, are also permitted.

A (certain South American countries):

come from animals that have been kept in the territory referred to in AH/T, where vaccination programmes against foot-and-mouth disease are being regularly carried out and officially controlled in domestic bovine animals.

B (certain South American and South African countries):

consist only of animal by-products derived from trimmed offal of domestic ruminants, which have matured at an ambient temperature of more than +2°C for a period of at least three hours, or in the case of masseter muscles of bovine animals and deboned meat of domestic animals: for a period of at least 24 hours.

Public Health

(*)PH/D010 Bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE)

The animal by-products described in Part I of this certificate contain or are derived from animal-by products of ruminant origin and:

- (a) EITHER** originates from a country or region, which is classified as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001^(†), and in which there have been no indigenous BSE cases;
- AND/OR** originates from a country or region classified as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001^(†) in which there has been an indigenous BSE case, and the animal by-product or derived product were derived from animals born after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants, as defined in the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH (formerly OIE)) Terrestrial Animal Health Code, has been effectively enforced in that country or region.

and

- (b) EITHER** is derived from other ruminants than bovine, ovine or caprine animals;
- OR** is derived from bovine, ovine or caprine animals and does not contain and is not derived from:
- EITHER** (i) bovine, ovine and caprine materials other than those derived from animals born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country or region classified as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001^(†);
- OR** (ii) the following:
- (1)** specified risk material as defined in point 1 of Annex V to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council and mechanically separated meat obtained from bones of bovine, ovine or caprine animals, except from those animals that were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country or region classified as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001^(†), in which there have been no indigenous BSE cases.
 - (2)** animal by-product or derived product obtained from bovine, ovine or caprine animals which have been killed, after stunning, by laceration of the central nervous tissue by means of an elongated rod-shaped instrument introduced into the cranial cavity, or by means of gas injected into the cranial cavity, except for those animals that were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country or region classified as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001^(†).

^(†)The document(s) referred to above can be found at:

[EU and EFTA countries approved to export animals and animal products to Great Britain](https://www.data.gov.uk/dataset/4698a65d-1a3b-42d1-981e-df869e04185b/eu-and-efta-countries-approved-to-export-animals-and-animal-products-to-great-britain)

(Available at: <https://www.data.gov.uk/dataset/4698a65d-1a3b-42d1-981e-df869e04185b/eu-and-efta-countries-approved-to-export-animals-and-animal-products-to-great-britain>)

[Non-EU countries approved to export animals and animal products to Great Britain](https://www.data.gov.uk/dataset/b92627b0-dd7b-4e1d-ba36-e25424f55eeb/non-eu-countries-approved-to-export-animals-and-animal-products-to-great-britain)

(Available at: <https://www.data.gov.uk/dataset/b92627b0-dd7b-4e1d-ba36-e25424f55eeb/non-eu-countries-approved-to-export-animals-and-animal-products-to-great-britain>)

^(*) A document relating to the 'Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (BSE) risk status' of approved trading partners published by the Secretary of State, with the consent of the Scottish and Welsh Ministers, can be found at:

[Animal health status of countries approved to export animals and animal products to Great Britain - data.gov.uk](https://www.data.gov.uk/dataset/b7712d2e-debb-4996-8e79-d27ca7492a00/animal-health-status-of-countries-approved-to-export-animals-and-animal-products-to-great-britain)

(Available at: <https://www.data.gov.uk/dataset/b7712d2e-debb-4996-8e79-d27ca7492a00/animal-health-status-of-countries-approved-to-export-animals-and-animal-products-to-great-britain>)