



2024/3153

19.12.2024

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2024/3153

of 18 December 2024

amending Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 on the temporary increase of official controls and emergency measures governing the entry into the Union of certain goods from certain third countries implementing Regulations (EU) 2017/625 and (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 53(1), point (b)(ii), thereof,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2017 on official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products, amending Regulations (EC) No 999/2001, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1069/2009, (EC) No 1107/2009, (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 652/2014, (EU) 2016/429 and (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Regulations (EC) No 1/2005 and (EC) No 1099/2009 and Council Directives 98/58/EC, 1999/74/EC, 2007/43/EC, 2008/119/EC and 2008/120/EC, and repealing Regulations (EC) No 854/2004 and (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Directives 89/608/EEC, 89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC, 91/496/EEC, 96/23/EC, 96/93/EC and 97/78/EC and Council Decision 92/438/EEC (Official Controls Regulation) ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 47(2), first subparagraph, point (b), and Article 54(4), first subparagraph, points (a) and (b), thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 ⁽³⁾ lays down rules on the temporary increase of official controls at the entry into the Union on certain consignments of food and feed of non-animal origin from certain third countries listed in Annex I to that Implementing Regulation, and on the imposition of special conditions governing the entry into the Union of certain consignments of food and feed from certain third countries due to the risk of contamination by mycotoxins, including aflatoxins, pesticide residues, microbiological contamination, Sudan dyes, Rhodamine B and plant toxins listed in Annex II to that Implementing Regulation.
- (2) Article 12 of Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 lays down the obligation of the Commission to review at regular intervals not exceeding 6 months the lists set out in the Annexes to that Implementing Regulation, in order to take into account new information related to risks for human health and non-compliance with Union legislation. Such new information includes the data resulting from notifications received through the Rapid Alert System for Food and Feed ('RASFF') established by Regulation (EC) No 178/2002, as well as data and information concerning consignments and the results of the documentary, identity and physical checks carried out by Member States and communicated to the Commission.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 31, 1.2.2002, p. 1, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2002/178/oj>.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 95, 7.4.2017, p. 1, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2017/625/oj>.

⁽³⁾ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 of 22 October 2019 on the temporary increase of official controls and emergency measures governing the entry into the Union of certain goods from certain third countries implementing Regulations (EU) 2017/625 and (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Commission Regulations (EC) No 669/2009, (EU) No 884/2014, (EU) 2015/175, (EU) 2017/186 and (EU) 2018/1660 (OJ L 277, 29.10.2019, p. 89, ELI: http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg_impl/2019/1793/oj).

- (3) Recent notifications received through the RASFF indicate the existence of serious direct or indirect risk for human health deriving from certain food or feed. Additionally, official controls performed by the Member States on certain food and feed of non-animal origin in the first semester of 2024 indicate that the lists set out in Annexes I, II and IIa to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 should be amended in order to protect human health in the Union.
- (4) In relation to consignments of zara lemons (*Citrus medica*) from Bangladesh, data from RASFF notifications and information regarding official controls performed by the Member States indicate the emergence of new risks for human health, due to a possible contamination by pesticide residues. It is therefore necessary to require an increased level of official controls on entries of that commodity from Bangladesh. That commodity should therefore be included in Annex I to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793, with a frequency of identity and physical checks set at 20 % of consignments entering the Union.
- (5) Yardlong beans (*Vigna unguiculata* ssp. *sesquipedalis*, *Vigna unguiculata* ssp. *unguiculata*) from the Dominican Republic have been subjected to an increased level of official controls due to the risk of contamination by pesticide residues since January 2010. The official controls carried out on that commodity by the Member States indicate an overall satisfactory degree of compliance with the relevant requirements provided for in Union legislation. Therefore, an increased level of official controls is no longer justified for that commodity and its entry in Annex I to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 should be deleted.
- (6) Oranges from Egypt have been subjected to an increased level of official controls due to the risk of contamination by pesticide residues since July 2022. The official controls carried out by the Member States show improvement in compliance with the relevant requirements provided for in Union legislation. Therefore, while an increased level of official controls is still appropriate, the level of 30 % of consignments entering the Union is no longer justified for that commodity and the frequency of controls should be decreased to 20 % of consignments entering the Union in Annex I to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793.
- (7) *Sesamum* seeds from Ethiopia have been subjected to an increased level of official controls and to special conditions at their entry into the Union due to the risk of contamination by *Salmonella* since January 2019. The official controls carried out by the Member States show improvement in compliance with the relevant requirements provided for in Union legislation. The results of those controls provide evidence that the entry of those foodstuffs into the Union does not constitute a serious risk for human health. Consequently, it is not necessary to continue to provide that each consignment is to be accompanied by an official certificate stating that all results of sampling and analysis show compliance with the relevant requirements provided for in Union legislation. However, Member States should continue to carry out controls to ensure that the current level of compliance is maintained. Therefore, the entries on *Sesamum* seeds from Ethiopia in point 1 of Annex II to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 should be deleted and transferred to Annex I to that Implementing Regulation, with a frequency of identity and physical checks set, in light of the number of consignments in the last years, at 50 % of consignments entering the Union.
- (8) In relation to consignments of okra and cumin seeds from India, a high rate of non-compliance with the relevant requirements provided for in Union legislation with respect to contamination by pesticide residues was detected during official controls performed by the Member States in accordance with Articles 5 and 6 of Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793. It is therefore appropriate to increase the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on those consignments entering the Union to 30 % in Annex I to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793.

- (9) Turnips (*Brassica rapa* ssp. *rapa*) prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid or by brine or citric acid from Lebanon have been subjected to an increased level of official controls and to special conditions at their entry into the Union due to the risk of contamination by Rhodamine B since July 2018. The official controls carried out by the Member States show improvement in compliance with the relevant requirements provided for in Union legislation. The results of those controls provide evidence that the entry of those foodstuffs into the Union does not constitute a serious risk for human health. Consequently, it is not necessary to continue to provide that each consignment is to be accompanied by an official certificate stating that all results of sampling and analysis show compliance with the relevant requirements provided for in Union legislation. However, Member States should continue to carry out controls to ensure that the current level of compliance is maintained. Therefore, the entries on Turnips (*Brassica rapa* ssp. *rapa*) prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid or by brine or citric acid from Lebanon in point 1 of Annex II to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 should be deleted and transferred to Annex I to that Implementing Regulation, with a frequency of identity and physical checks set, in light of the number of consignments in the last years, at 50 % of consignments entering the Union.
- (10) Peppers of the genus *Capsicum* (sweet or other than sweet) from Sri Lanka have been subjected to an increased level of official controls and to special conditions at their entry into the Union due to the risk of contamination by aflatoxins since July 2017. The official controls carried out by the Member States show improvement in compliance with the relevant requirements provided for in Union legislation. The results of those controls provide evidence that the entry of those foodstuffs into the Union does not constitute a serious risk for human health. Consequently, it is not necessary to continue to provide that each consignment is to be accompanied by an official certificate stating that all results of sampling and analysis show compliance with the relevant requirements provided for in Union legislation. However, Member States should continue to carry out controls to ensure that the current level of compliance is maintained. Therefore, the entry on peppers of the genus *Capsicum* (sweet or other than sweet) from Sri Lanka in point 1 of Annex II to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 should be deleted and transferred to Annex I to that Implementing Regulation, with a frequency of identity and physical checks set, in light of the number of consignments in the last years, at 50 % of consignments entering the Union.
- (11) In relation to consignments of black-eyed beans (*Vigna unguiculata*) from Madagascar, a high rate of non-compliance with the relevant requirements provided for in Union legislation with respect to contamination by pesticide residues was detected during official controls performed by the Member States in accordance with Articles 5 and 6 of Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793. It is therefore appropriate to increase the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on those consignments entering the Union to 50 % in Annex I to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793.
- (12) In relation to consignments of peppers of the genus *Capsicum* (other than sweet) from Rwanda, a high rate of non-compliance with the relevant requirements provided for in Union legislation with respect to contamination by pesticide residues was detected during official controls performed by the Member States in accordance with Articles 5 and 6 of Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793. It is therefore appropriate to increase the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on those consignments entering the Union to 30 % in Annex I to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793.
- (13) In relation to consignments of dried oregano from Türkiye, a high rate of non-compliance with the relevant requirements provided for in Union legislation with respect to contamination by pyrrolizidine alkaloids was detected during official controls performed by the Member States in accordance with Articles 5 and 6 of Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793. It is therefore appropriate to increase the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on those consignments entering the Union to 30 % in Annex I to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793.
- (14) In relation to consignments of durian (*Durio zibethinus*) from Vietnam, a high rate of non-compliance with the relevant requirements provided for in Union legislation with respect to contamination by pesticide residues was detected during official controls performed by the Member States in accordance with Articles 5 and 6 of Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793. It is therefore appropriate to increase the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on those consignments entering the Union to 20 % in Annex I to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793.

- (15) *Sesamum* seeds from India have been subjected to an increased level of official controls and to special conditions at their entry into the Union due to the risk of contamination by ethylene oxide since October 2020. The official controls carried out by the Member States show improvement in compliance with the relevant requirements provided for in Union legislation. Therefore, while an increased level of official controls is still appropriate, the level of 30 % of consignments entering the Union is no longer justified for that commodity and the frequency of controls should be decreased to 20 % of consignments entering the Union in point 1 of Annex II to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793.
- (16) Food supplements containing botanicals from India have been subjected to an increased level of official controls and to special conditions at their entry into the Union due to the risk of contamination by ethylene oxide since January 2022. The official controls carried out by the Member States show improvement in compliance with the relevant requirements provided for in Union legislation. Therefore, while an increased level of official controls is still appropriate, the level of 20 % of consignments entering the Union is no longer justified for that commodity and the frequency of controls should be decreased to 10 % of consignments entering the Union in point 1 of Annex II to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793. In addition, as the entry on guar gum from India was deleted from Annex I to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2024/1662^(*), the measure should not concern guar gum from India as raw material containing botanicals intended for the production of food supplements.
- (17) Cumin seeds from Türkiye have been subjected to an increased level of official controls due to the risk of contamination by pyrrolizidine alkaloids since January 2022. The official controls carried out on that commodity by the Member States show a persistent high rate of non-compliance since the establishment of the increased level of official controls. Those controls provide evidence that the entry of that commodity into the Union constitutes a serious risk for human health. It is therefore necessary, in addition to the increased level of official controls, to provide for special conditions in relation to the importation of cumin seeds from Türkiye. In particular, all consignments of cumin seeds from Türkiye should be accompanied by an official certificate stating that all the results of sampling and analyses show compliance with Union requirements. The results of sampling and analyses should be attached to that certificate. Therefore, the entry on cumin seeds from Türkiye in Annex I to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 should be deleted and transferred to Annex II to that Implementing Regulation, with a frequency of identity and physical checks set at 30 % of consignments entering the Union.
- (18) In order to ensure legal certainty for the entry into the Union of consignments that have already been dispatched from the country of origin or from another third country if that country is different from the country of origin, when this Regulation enters into force, it is appropriate to provide for a transitional period of 2 months for consignments of cumin seeds from Türkiye, which are not accompanied by the results of sampling and analyses and an official certificate. During this transitional period, public health protection is ensured for those consignments, since they are subjected to identity and physical checks at a frequency of 30 %, when entering the Union.
- (19) Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 should therefore be amended accordingly.
- (20) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

^(*) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2024/1662 of 11 June 2024 amending Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 on the temporary increase of official controls and emergency measures governing the entry into the Union of certain goods from certain third countries implementing Regulations (EU) 2017/625 and (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L, 2024/1662, 12.6.2024, ELI: http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg_impl/2024/1662/oj).

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 is amended as follows:

- (1) in Article 1(1), point (b) is replaced by the following:
 - ‘(b) special conditions governing the entry into the Union of the following categories of consignments of food and feed due to the risk of contamination by mycotoxins, including aflatoxins, pesticide residues, microbiological contamination, Sudan dyes and plant toxins, in accordance with Article 53(1), point (b), of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002:
 - (i) consignments of food and feed of non-animal origin from third countries or parts of those third countries containing any of the food and feed listed in the table in point 1 of Annex II and falling within the CN codes and TARIC classifications laid down in that Annex;
 - (ii) consignments of food and feed of non-animal origin dispatched to the Union from a third country other than the country of origin and containing any of the food and feed listed in the table in point 3 of Annex II;’
- (2) Article 14 is replaced by the following:

‘Article 14

Transitional period

Consignments of cumin seeds from Türkiye, which have been dispatched from the country of origin, or from another third country if that country is different from the country of origin, before the date of entry into force of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2024/3153 (*), may enter the Union until 8 March 2025 without being accompanied by the results of sampling and analyses and the official certificate provided for in Articles 10 and 11.

(*) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2024/3153 of 18 December 2024 amending Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 on the temporary increase of official controls and emergency measures governing the entry into the Union of certain goods from certain third countries implementing Regulations (EU) 2017/625 and (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L, 2024/3153, 19.12.2024, ELI: http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg_impl/2024/3153/oj);

- (3) Annexes I and II are replaced by the text set out in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 December 2024.

For the Commission
The President
Ursula VON DER LEYEN

ANNEX

ANNEX I

Food and feed of non-animal origin from certain third countries subject to a temporary increase of official controls at border control posts and control points

Row	Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (1)	TARIC sub-division	Hazard	Frequency of identity and physical checks (%)
1	Azerbaijan (AZ)	— Hazelnuts (<i>Corylus</i> sp.), in shell	0802 21 00			
		— Hazelnuts (<i>Corylus</i> sp.), shelled	0802 22 00			
		— Mixtures of nuts or dried fruits containing hazelnuts	ex 0813 50 39	70		
			ex 0813 50 91	70		
			ex 0813 50 99	70		
		— Hazelnut paste	ex 2007 10 10	70		
			ex 2007 10 99	40		
			ex 2007 99 39	05; 06		
			ex 2007 99 50	33		
			ex 2007 99 97	23		
			— Hazelnuts, otherwise prepared or preserved, including mixtures	ex 2008 19 12	30	
		ex 2008 19 19		30		
		ex 2008 19 92		30		
		ex 2008 19 95		20		
		ex 2008 19 99		30		
		ex 2008 97 12		15		
		ex 2008 97 14		15	Aflatoxins	20
		ex 2008 97 16		15		
		ex 2008 97 18		15		
		ex 2008 97 32		15		
		ex 2008 97 34		15		
		ex 2008 97 36		15		
		ex 2008 97 38		15		
		ex 2008 97 51		15		
ex 2008 97 59	15					
ex 2008 97 72	15					
ex 2008 97 74	15					
ex 2008 97 76	15					
ex 2008 97 78	15					
ex 2008 97 92	15					

			ex 2008 97 93	15		
			ex 2008 97 94	15		
			ex 2008 97 96	15		
			ex 2008 97 97	15		
			ex 2008 97 98	15		
		— Flours, meals and powder of hazelnuts	ex 1106 30 90	40		
		— Hazelnut oil	ex 1515 90 99	20		
		(Food)				
2	Bangladesh (BD)	Seem beans, helmet beans (<i>Lablab purpureus</i>) (Food)	ex 0708 90 00	30	Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	20
		Zara lemons (<i>Citrus medica</i>) (Food)	ex 0805 90 00	20	Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	20
3	Burkina Faso (BF)	Aubergines/eggplants (<i>Solanum aethiopicum</i>) (Food)	ex 0709 30 00	70	Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	20
4	Côte d'Ivoire (CI)	Palm oil (Food)	1511 10 90			
			1511 90 11			
			ex 1511 90 19	90	Sudan dyes ⁽¹⁴⁾	20
			1511 90 99			
5	China (CN)	— Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell	1202 41 00			
		— Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled	1202 42 00			
		— Peanut butter	2008 11 10			
		— Groundnuts (peanuts), otherwise prepared or preserved	2008 11 91			
			2008 11 96			
			2008 11 98		Aflatoxins	10
		— Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil	2305 00 00			
		— Groundnut flours and meals	ex 1208 90 00	20		

		— Groundnuts paste (Food and feed)	ex 2007 10 10 ex 2007 10 99 ex 2007 99 39	80 50 07; 08		
		Sweet peppers (<i>Capsicum annuum</i>) (Food – crushed or ground)	ex 0904 22 00	11	<i>Salmonella</i> ⁽⁴⁾	10
		Tea, whether or not flavoured (Food)	0902		Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾ ⁽⁵⁾	20
6	Colombia (CO)	Granadilla and passion fruit (<i>Passiflora ligularis</i> and <i>Passiflora edulis</i>) (Food)	ex 0810 90 20 ex 0810 90 20	40 50	Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	10
7	Dominican Republic (DO)	— Sweet peppers (<i>Capsicum annuum</i>)	0709 60 10 0710 80 51		Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾ ⁽¹⁶⁾	50
		— Peppers of the genus <i>Capsicum</i> (other than sweet) (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex 0709 60 99 ex 0710 80 59	20 20		
8	Egypt (EG)	— Sweet peppers (<i>Capsicum annuum</i>)	0709 60 10 0710 80 51		Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾ ⁽⁶⁾	30
		— Peppers of the genus <i>Capsicum</i> (other than sweet) (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex 0709 60 99 ex 0710 80 59	20 20		
		Oranges (Food – fresh or ried)	0805 10		Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	20
		Sugar apple (<i>Annona squamosa</i>) (Food – fresh or chilled)	ex 0810 90 75	20	Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	20
		Vine leaves (Food)	ex 2008 99 99 ex 2008 99 99	11 19	Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	20
9	Ethiopia (ET)	<i>Sesamum</i> seeds (Food)	1207 40 90 ex 2008 19 19 ex 2008 19 99	49 49	<i>Salmonella</i> ⁽²⁾	50

10	Georgia (GE)	— Hazelnuts (<i>Corylus</i> sp.), in shell	0802 21 00					
		— Hazelnuts (<i>Corylus</i> sp.), shelled	0802 22 00					
		— Mixtures of nuts or dried fruits containing hazelnuts	ex 0813 50 39	70				
			ex 0813 50 91	70				
			ex 0813 50 99	70				
		— Hazelnut paste	ex 2007 10 10	70				
			ex 2007 10 99	40				
			ex 2007 99 39	05; 06				
			ex 2007 99 50	33				
			ex 2007 99 97	23				
			— Hazelnuts, otherwise prepared or preserved, including mixtures	ex 2008 19 12	30			
				ex 2008 19 19	30			
		ex 2008 19 92		30				
		ex 2008 19 95		20				
		ex 2008 19 99		30				
		ex 2008 97 12		15				
		ex 2008 97 14		15	Aflatoxins	20		
		ex 2008 97 16		15				
		ex 2008 97 18		15				
		ex 2008 97 32		15				
		ex 2008 97 34		15				
		ex 2008 97 36		15				
		ex 2008 97 38		15				
		ex 2008 97 51		15				
		ex 2008 97 59	15					
		ex 2008 97 72	15					
		ex 2008 97 74	15					
ex 2008 97 76	15							
ex 2008 97 78	15							
ex 2008 97 92	15							
ex 2008 97 93	15							
ex 2008 97 94	15							
ex 2008 97 96	15							
ex 2008 97 97	15							

		— Flours, meals and powder of hazelnuts	ex 2008 97 98 ex 1106 30 90	15 40		
		— Hazelnut oil	ex 1515 90 99	20		
		(Food)				
11	Ghana (GH)	— Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell	1202 41 00			
		— Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled	1202 42 00			
		— Peanut butter	2008 11 10			
		— Groundnuts (peanuts), otherwise prepared or preserved, including mixtures	2008 11 91 2008 11 96 2008 11 98			
			ex 2008 19 12	40		
			ex 2008 19 19	50		
			ex 2008 19 92	40		
			ex 2008 19 95	40		
			ex 2008 19 99	50		
		— Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil	2305 00 00		Aflatoxins	50
		— Groundnut flours and meals	ex 1208 90 00	20		
		— Groundnuts paste	ex 2007 10 10	80		
		(Food and feed)	ex 2007 10 99	50		
			ex 2007 99 39	07; 08		
12	Israel (IL) ¹⁵	Basil (<i>Ocimum basilicum</i>) (Food)	ex 1211 90 86	20	Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	10
13	India (IN)	Betel leaves (<i>Piper betle</i> L.) (Food)	ex 1404 90 00 ⁽¹¹⁾	10	<i>Salmonella</i> ⁽⁴⁾	50
		Okra (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex 0709 99 90 ex 0710 80 95	20 30	Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾ ⁽⁷⁾ ⁽¹³⁾	30
		Drumsticks (<i>Moringa oleifera</i>) (Food fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex 0709 99 90 ex 0710 80 95	10 75	Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	30

Rice (Food)	1006		Aflatoxins and Ochratoxin A	5
			Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	10
Yardlong beans (<i>Vigna unguiculata</i> ssp. <i>sesquipedalis</i> , <i>Vigna unguiculata</i> ssp. <i>unguiculata</i>) (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen vegetables)	ex 0708 20 00	10	Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	30
	ex 0710 22 00	10		
Guava (<i>Psidium guajava</i>) (Food)	ex 0804 50 00	30	Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	30
Nutmeg (<i>Myristica fragrans</i>) (Food – dried spices)	0908 11 00 0908 12 00		Aflatoxins	30
Peppers of the genus <i>Capsicum</i> (sweet or other than sweet) (Food – dried, roasted, crushed or ground)	0904 21 10		Aflatoxins	10
	ex 0904 22 00	11; 19		
	ex 0904 21 90	20		
	ex 2005 99 10	10; 90		
	ex 2005 99 80	94		
— Cumin seeds	0909 31 00		Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	30
— Cumin seeds crushed or ground (Food)	0909 32 00			
Mixtures of food additives containing locust bean gum or guar gum (Food)	ex 2106 90 92 ex 2106 90 98 ex 3824 99 93 ex 3824 99 96		Pesticide residues ⁽¹³⁾	20
Vanilla (Food – dried spices)	0905		Pesticide residues ⁽¹³⁾	20
Cloves (whole fruit, cloves and stems) (Food – dried spices)	0907		Pesticide residues ⁽¹³⁾	20

14	Kenya (KE)	Beans (<i>Vigna</i> spp., <i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) (Food – fresh or chilled)	0708 20		Pesticide residues ^(?)	10
		Peppers of the genus <i>Capsicum</i> (other than sweet) (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex 0709 60 99 ex 0710 80 59	20 20	Pesticide residues ^(?)	20
15	Lebanon (LB)	Turnips (<i>Brassica rapa</i> ssp. <i>rapa</i>) (Food – prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid)	ex 2001 90 97	11; 19	Rhodamine B ⁽¹²⁾	50
		Turnips (<i>Brassica rapa</i> ssp. <i>rapa</i>) (Food – prepared or preserved by brine or citric acid, not frozen)	ex 2005 99 80	93	Rhodamine B ⁽¹²⁾	50
16	Sri Lanka (LK)	Mukunuwenna (<i>Alternanthera sessilis</i>) (Food)	ex 0709 99 90	35	Pesticide residues ^(?)	50
		Yardlong beans (<i>Vigna unguiculata</i> ssp. <i>sesquipedalis</i> , <i>Vigna unguiculata</i> ssp. <i>unguiculata</i>) (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen vegetables)	ex 0708 20 00 ex 0710 22 00	10 10	Pesticide residues ^(?)	20
		Peppers of the genus <i>Capsicum</i> (sweet or other than sweet) (Food – dried, roasted, crushed or ground)	0904 21 10 ex 0904 21 90 ex 0904 22 00 ex 2005 99 10 ex 2005 99 80	90 11; 19 10; 90 94	Aflatoxins	50
17	Madagascar (MG)	Black-eyed beans (<i>Vigna unguiculata</i>) (Food)	0713 35 00		Pesticide residues ^(?)	50
18	Mexico (MX)	Green papaya (<i>Carica papaya</i>) (Food – fresh and chilled)	0807 20 00		Pesticide residues ^(?)	20

19	Malaysia (MY)	Jackfruit (<i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i>) (Food – fresh)	ex 0810 90 20	20	Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	50
		Mixtures of food additives containing locust bean gum (Food)	ex 2106 90 92 ex 2106 90 98 ex 3824 99 93 ex 3824 99 96		Pesticide residues ⁽¹³⁾	30
20	Pakistan (PK)	Spice mixes (Food)	0910 91 10 0910 91 90		Aflatoxins	30
		Rice (Food)	1006		Aflatoxins and Ochratoxin A	10
					Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	10
21	Rwanda (RW)	Peppers of the genus <i>Capsicum</i> (other than sweet) (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex 0709 60 99 ex 0710 80 59	20 20	Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	30
22	Syria (SY)	Tahini and halva from <i>Sesamum</i> seeds (Food)	ex 1704 90 99 ex 1806 20 95 ex 1806 90 50 ex 1806 90 60 ex 2008 19 19 ex 2008 19 99	12; 92 13; 93 10 11; 91 41 41	<i>Salmonella</i> ⁽²⁾	20
23	Thailand (TH)	Peppers of the genus <i>Capsicum</i> (other than sweet) (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex 0709 60 99 ex 0710 80 59	20 20	Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾ ⁽⁸⁾	30
		Granadilla and passion fruit (<i>Passiflora ligularis</i> and <i>Passiflora edulis</i>) (Food – fresh)	ex 0810 90 20 ex 0810 90 20	40 50	Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	10

24	Türkiye (TR)	Lemons (<i>Citrus limon</i> , <i>Citrus limonum</i>) (Food – fresh, chilled or dried)	0805 50 10		Pesticide residues ⁽⁷⁾	30
		Grapefruits (Food)	0805 40 00		Pesticide residues ⁽⁷⁾	20
		Pomegranates (Food – fresh or chilled)	ex 0810 90 75	30	Pesticide residues ⁽⁷⁾ ⁽⁹⁾	30
		— Sweet peppers (<i>Capsicum annuum</i>)	0709 60 10 0710 80 51		Pesticide residues ⁽⁷⁾ ⁽¹⁰⁾	20
		— Peppers of the genus <i>Capsicum</i> (other than sweet) (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex 0709 60 99 ex 0710 80 59	20 20		
		Dried oregano (Food)	ex 1211 90 86	40	Pyrrolizidine alkaloids	30
		Sesamum seeds (Food)	1207 40 90		Pesticide residues ⁽¹³⁾	30
	ex 2008 19 19	49	Salmonella ⁽²⁾	20		
	ex 2008 19 99	49				
	Mixtures of food additives containing locust bean gum (Food)	ex 2106 90 92 ex 2106 90 98 ex 3824 99 93 ex 3824 99 96				
25	Uganda (UG)	Peppers of the genus <i>Capsicum</i> (other than sweet) (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex 0709 60 99 ex 0710 80 59	20 20	Pesticide residues ⁽⁷⁾	50

26	United States (US)	— Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell	1202 41 00			
		— Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled	1202 42 00			
		— Peanut butter	2008 11 10			
		— Groundnuts (peanuts), otherwise prepared or preserved	2008 11 91 2008 11 96 2008 11 98			
		— Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil	2305 00 00		Aflatoxins	20
		— Groundnut flours and meals	ex 1208 90 00	20		
		— Groundnuts paste	ex 2007 10 10	80		
	(Food and feed)	ex 2007 10 99	50			
		ex 2007 99 39	07; 08			
27	Vietnam (VN)	Durian (<i>Durio zibethinus</i>) (Food – fresh or chilled)	0810 60 00		Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	20

⁽¹⁾ Where only certain products under any CN code are required to be examined, the CN code is marked “ex”.

⁽²⁾ The sampling and the analyses shall be performed in accordance with the sampling procedures and the analytical reference methods set out in point 1(a) of Annex III.

⁽³⁾ Residues of at least those pesticides listed in the control programme adopted in accordance with Article 29(2) of Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 February 2005 on maximum residue levels of pesticides in or on food and feed of plant and animal origin and amending Council Directive 91/414/EEC (OJ L 70, 16.3.2005, p. 1, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2005/396/oj>) that can be analysed with multi-residue methods based on GC-MS and LC-MS (pesticides to be monitored in/on products of plant origin only).

⁽⁴⁾ The sampling and the analyses shall be performed in accordance with the sampling procedures and the analytical reference methods set out in point 1(b) of Annex III.

⁽⁵⁾ Residues of Tolfenpyrad.

⁽⁶⁾ Residues of Dicofol (sum of p, p' and o,p' isomers), Dinotefuran, Folpet, Prochloraz (sum of prochloraz and its metabolites containing the 2,4,6-trichlorophenol moiety expressed as prochloraz), Thiophanate-methyl and Triforine.

⁽⁷⁾ Residues of Diafenthiuron.

⁽⁸⁾ Residues of Formetanate (sum of formetanate and its salts expressed as formetanate (hydrochloride)), Prothiofos and Triforine.

⁽⁹⁾ Residues of Prochloraz.

⁽¹⁰⁾ Residues of Diafenthiuron, Formetanate (sum of formetanate and its salts expressed as formetanate (hydrochloride)) and Thiophanate-methyl.

⁽¹¹⁾ Foodstuffs containing or consisting of betel leaves (*Piper betle*) including, but not limited to, those declared under CN code 1404 90 00.

⁽¹²⁾ For purpose of this Annex, residues of Rhodamine B, using a method of analysis with an LOQ, shall be lower than 0,1 mg/kg.

⁽¹³⁾ Residues of Ethylene Oxide (sum of ethylene oxide and 2-chloro-ethanol, expressed as ethylene oxide). In case of food additives, the applicable maximum residue level (MRL) is 0,1 mg/kg (limit of quantification (LOQ)). Prohibition of use of Ethylene Oxide provided for in Commission Regulation (EU) No 231/2012 of 9 March 2012 laying down specifications for food additives listed in Annexes II and III to Regulation (EC) No 1333/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 83, 22.3.2012, p. 1, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2012/231/oj>).

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- (¹⁴) For the purposes of this Annex, “Sudan dyes” refers to the following chemical substances: (i) Sudan I (CAS Number 842-07-9); (ii) Sudan II (CAS Number 3118-97-6); (iii) Sudan III (CAS Number 85-86-9); (iv) Scarlet Red or Sudan IV (CAS Number 85-83-6). Residues of Sudan dyes, using a method of analysis with an LOQ, shall be lower than 0,5 mg/kg.
- (¹⁵) Hereinafter understood as the State of Israel, excluding the territories under the administration of the State of Israel after 5 June 1967, namely the Golan Heights, the Gaza Strip, East Jerusalem and the rest of the West Bank.
- (¹⁶) Residues of Acephate.’
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ANNEX II

Food and feed from certain third countries subject to special conditions for the entry into the Union due to contamination risk by mycotoxins, including aflatoxins, pesticide residues, microbiological contamination, Sudan dyes, and plant toxins

1. Food and feed of non-animal origin referred to in Article 1(1), point (b)(i)

Row	Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub-division	Hazard	Frequency of identity and physical checks (%)
1	Bangladesh (BD)	Foodstuffs containing or consisting of betel leaves (<i>Piper betle</i>) (Food)	ex 1404 90 00 ⁽⁸⁾	10	<i>Salmonella</i> ⁽²⁾	50
2	Bolivia (BO)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell — Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled — Peanut butter — Groundnuts (peanuts), otherwise prepared or preserved, including mixtures — Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil 	1202 41 00 1202 42 00 2008 11 10 2008 11 91 2008 11 96 2008 11 98 ex 2008 19 12 ex 2008 19 19 ex 2008 19 92 ex 2008 19 95 ex 2008 19 99 2305 00 00	40 50 40 40 50	Aflatoxins	50

Row	Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (1)	TARIC sub-division	Hazard	Frequency of identity and physical checks (%)
		— Groundnut flours and meals — Groundnuts paste (Food and feed)	ex 1208 90 00 ex 2007 10 10 ex 2007 10 99 ex 2007 99 39	20 80 50 07; 08		
3	Brazil (BR)	Black pepper (<i>Piper nigrum</i>) (Food – neither crushed nor ground)	ex 0904 11 00	10	<i>Salmonella</i> (2)	50
4	China (CN)	Xanthan gum (Food and feed)	ex 3913 90 00	40	Pesticide residues (2)	20
5	Dominican Republic (DO)	Aubergines (<i>Solanum melongena</i>) (Food – fresh or chilled)	ex 0709 30 00	05	Pesticide residues (2)	50
6	Egypt (EG)	— Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell — Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled — Peanut butter — Groundnuts (peanuts), otherwise prepared or preserved, including mixtures	1202 41 00 1202 42 00 2008 11 10 2008 11 91 2008 11 96 2008 11 98	40 50 40 40 50	Aflatoxins	30
			ex 2008 19 12 ex 2008 19 19 ex 2008 19 92 ex 2008 19 95 ex 2008 19 99	40 50 40 40 50		

Row	Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (1)	TARIC sub-division	Hazard	Frequency of identity and physical checks (%)
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil — Groundnut flours and meals — Groundnuts paste <p>(Food and feed)</p>	<p>2305 00 00</p> <p>ex 1208 90 00</p> <p>ex 2007 10 10</p> <p>ex 2007 10 99</p> <p>ex 2007 99 39</p>	<p>20</p> <p>80</p> <p>50</p> <p>07; 08</p>		
7	Ethiopia (ET)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Pepper of the genus <i>Piper</i>; dried or crushed or ground fruit of the genus <i>Capsicum</i> or of the genus <i>Pimenta</i> — Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), thyme, bay leaves, curry and other spices <p>(Food – dried spices)</p>	<p>0904</p> <p>0910</p>		Aflatoxins	30
8	Ghana (GH)	Palm oil (Food)	<p>1511 10 90</p> <p>1511 90 11</p> <p>ex 1511 90 19</p> <p>1511 90 99</p>	90	Sudan dyes (10)	50
9	Indonesia (ID)	Nutmeg (<i>Myristica fragrans</i>) (Food – dried spices)	<p>0908 11 00</p> <p>0908 12 00</p>		Aflatoxins	50

Row	Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (1)	TARIC sub-division	Hazard	Frequency of identity and physical checks (%)
10	India (IN)	Curry leaves (<i>Bergera/Murraya koenigii</i>) (Food – fresh, chilled, frozen or dried)	ex 1211 90 86	10	Pesticide residues (2) (11)	50
		— Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell	1202 41 00			
		— Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled	1202 42 00			
		— Peanut butter	2008 11 10			
		— Groundnuts (peanuts), otherwise prepared or preserved, including mixtures	2008 11 91 2008 11 96 2008 11 98			
			ex 2008 19 12	40		
			ex 2008 19 19	50	Aflatoxins	50
			ex 2008 19 92	40		
			ex 2008 19 95	40		
			ex 2008 19 99	50		
		— Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil	2305 00 00			
		— Groundnut flours and meals	ex 1208 90 00	20		
		— Groundnuts paste	ex 2007 10 10	80		
		(Food and feed)	ex 2007 10 99	50		
			ex 2007 99 39	07; 08		

Row	Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (1)	TARIC sub-division	Hazard	Frequency of identity and physical checks (%)
		Peppers of the genus <i>Capsicum</i> (other than sweet) (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex 0709 60 99 ex 0710 80 59	20 20	Pesticide residues (3) (4)	30
		Sesamum seeds (Food)	1207 40 90 ex 2008 19 19 ex 2008 19 99	49 49	<i>Salmonella</i> (5)	30
		Sesamum seeds (Food and feed)	1207 40 90 ex 2008 19 19 ex 2008 19 99	49 49	Pesticide residues (6)	20
		Pepper of the genus <i>Piper</i> ; dried or crushed or ground fruit of the genus <i>Capsicum</i> or of the genus <i>Pimenta</i> (Food – dried spices)	0904		Pesticide residues (6)	20
		Cinnamon and cinnamon-tree flowers (Food – dried spices)	0906		Pesticide residues (6)	20
		Nutmeg, mace and cardamoms (Food – dried spices)	0908		Pesticide residues (6)	30
		Seeds of anise, badian, fennel, coriander, cumin or caraway, juniper berries (Food – dried spices)	0909		Pesticide residues (6)	20
		Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), thyme, bay leaves, curry and other spices (Food – dried spices)	0910		Pesticide residues (6)	20

Row	Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (1)	TARIC sub-division	Hazard	Frequency of identity and physical checks (%)
		Sauces and preparations thereof; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings; mustard flours and meals and prepared mustard (Food)	2103		Pesticide residues (2)	20
		Calcium carbonate (Food and feed)	ex 2106 90 92 ex 2106 90 98 ex 2530 90 70 2836 50 00	55 60 10	Pesticide residues (2)	30
		Food supplements containing botanicals (12) (Food)	ex 1302 ex 2106		Pesticide residues (2)	10
11	Iran (IR)	— Pistachios, in shell	0802 51 00			
		— Pistachios, shelled	0802 52 00			
		— Mixtures of nuts or dried fruits containing pistachios	ex 0813 50 39 ex 0813 50 91	60 60		
			ex 0813 50 99	60		
		— Pistachio paste	ex 2007 10 10 ex 2007 10 99 ex 2007 99 39 ex 2007 99 50 ex 2007 99 97	60 30 03; 04 32 22		
		— Pistachios, otherwise prepared or preserved, including mixtures	ex 2008 19 13 ex 2008 19 93 ex 2008 97 12 ex 2008 97 14 ex 2008 97 16 ex 2008 97 18	20 20 19 19 19 19	Aflatoxins	50

Row	Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (¹)	TARIC sub-division	Hazard	Frequency of identity and physical checks (%)
			ex 2008 97 32	19		
			ex 2008 97 34	19		
			ex 2008 97 36	19		
			ex 2008 97 38	19		
			ex 2008 97 51	19		
			ex 2008 97 59	19		
			ex 2008 97 72	19		
			ex 2008 97 74	19		
			ex 2008 97 76	19		
			ex 2008 97 78	19		
			ex 2008 97 92	19		
			ex 2008 97 93	19		
			ex 2008 97 94	19		
			ex 2008 97 96	19		
			ex 2008 97 97	19		
			ex 2008 97 98	19		
		— Flours, meals and powder of pistachios (Food)	ex 1106 30 90	50		
12	Sri Lanka (LK)	Gotukola (<i>Centella asiatica</i>) (Food)	ex 1211 90 86	60	Pesticide residues (²)	50
13	Nigeria (NG)	<i>Sesamum</i> seeds (Food)	1207 40 90			
			ex 2008 19 19	49	<i>Salmonella</i> (³)	50
			ex 2008 19 99	49		
14	Sudan (SD)	<i>Sesamum</i> seeds (Food)	1207 40 90			
			ex 2008 19 19	49	<i>Salmonella</i> (³)	50
			ex 2008 19 99	49		
15	Türkiye (TR)	— Dried figs	0804 20 90			
		— Mixtures of nuts or dried fruits containing figs	ex 0813 50 99	50		
		— Dried fig paste	ex 2007 10 10	50		
			ex 2007 10 99	20		
			ex 2007 99 39	01; 02		
			ex 2007 99 50	31		

Row	Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (!)	TARIC sub-division	Hazard	Frequency of identity and physical checks (%)
		— Dried figs, prepared or preserved, including mixtures	ex 2007 99 97	21		
			ex 2008 97 12	11		
			ex 2008 97 14	11		
			ex 2008 97 16	11		
			ex 2008 97 18	11		
			ex 2008 97 32	11		
			ex 2008 97 34	11		
			ex 2008 97 36	11		
			ex 2008 97 38	11		
			ex 2008 97 51	11	Aflatoxins	20
			ex 2008 97 59	11		
			ex 2008 97 72	11		
			ex 2008 97 74	11		
			ex 2008 97 76	11		
			ex 2008 97 78	11		
			ex 2008 97 92	11		
			ex 2008 97 93	11		
			ex 2008 97 94	11		
			ex 2008 97 96	11		
			ex 2008 97 97	11		
			ex 2008 97 98	11		
			ex 2008 99 28	10		
			ex 2008 99 34	10		
			ex 2008 99 37	10		
			ex 2008 99 40	10		
			ex 2008 99 49	60		
			ex 2008 99 67	95		
			ex 2008 99 99	60		
		— Flours, meals and powder of dried figs (Food)	ex 1106 30 90	60		

Row	Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (')	TARIC sub-division	Hazard	Frequency of identity and physical checks (%)
		— Pistachios, in shell	0802 51 00			
		— Pistachios, shelled	0802 52 00			
		— Mixtures of nuts or dried fruits containing pistachios	ex 0813 50 39	60		
			ex 0813 50 91	60		
			ex 0813 50 99	60		
		— Pistachio paste	ex 2007 10 10	60		
			ex 2007 10 99	30		
			ex 2007 99 39	03; 04		
			ex 2007 99 50	32		
			ex 2007 99 97	22		
		— Pistachios, otherwise prepared or preserved, including mixtures	ex 2008 19 13	20	Aflatoxins	30
			ex 2008 19 93	20		
			ex 2008 97 12	19		
			ex 2008 97 14	19		
			ex 2008 97 16	19		
			ex 2008 97 18	19		
			ex 2008 97 32	19		
			ex 2008 97 34	19		
			ex 2008 97 36	19		
			ex 2008 97 38	19		
			ex 2008 97 51	19		
			ex 2008 97 59	19		
			ex 2008 97 72	19		
			ex 2008 97 74	19		
			ex 2008 97 76	19		
		ex 2008 97 78	19			
		ex 2008 97 92	19			
		ex 2008 97 93	19			
		ex 2008 97 94	19			
		ex 2008 97 96	19			
		ex 2008 97 97	19			

Row	Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub-division	Hazard	Frequency of identity and physical checks (%)
		— Flours, meals and powder of pistachios (Food)	ex 2008 97 98 ex 1106 30 90	19 50		
		Vine leaves (Food)	ex 2008 99 99 ex 2008 99 99	11 19	Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾ ⁽⁶⁾	50
		Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and similar citrus hybrids (Food – fresh or dried)	0805 21; 0805 22 00; 0805 29 00		Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	20
		Oranges (Food – fresh or dried)	0805 10		Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	30
		Unprocessed whole, ground, milled, cracked, chopped apricot kernels intended to be placed on the market for the final consumer ⁽¹³⁾ ⁽¹⁴⁾ (Food)	ex 1212 99 95	20	Cyanide	50
		— Cumin seeds	0909 31 00			
		— Cumin seeds crushed or ground (Food)	0909 32 00		Pyrrolizidine alkaloids	30
16	Uganda (UG)	<i>Sesamum</i> seeds (Food)	1207 40 90 ex 2008 19 19 ex 2008 19 99	49 49	<i>Salmonella</i> ⁽³⁾	30
17	United States (US)	Vanilla extract (Food)	1302 19 05		Pesticide residues ⁽³⁾	20

Row	Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub-division	Hazard	Frequency of identity and physical checks (%)
18	Vietnam (VN)	Okra (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex 0709 99 90 ex 0710 80 95	20 30	Pesticide residues ⁽²⁾ ⁽⁷⁾	50
		Pitahaya (dragon fruit) (Food – fresh or chilled)	ex 0810 90 20	10	Pesticide residues ⁽²⁾ ⁽⁷⁾	30
		Peppers of the genus <i>Capsicum</i> (other than sweet) (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex 0709 60 99 ex 0710 80 59	20 20	Pesticide residues ⁽²⁾ ⁽⁷⁾	50

⁽¹⁾ Where only certain products under any CN code are required to be examined, the CN code is marked “ex”.

⁽²⁾ The sampling and the analyses shall be performed in accordance with the sampling procedures and the analytical reference methods set out in point 1(b) of Annex III.

⁽³⁾ Residues of at least those pesticides listed in the control programme adopted in accordance with Article 29(2) of Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 February 2005 on maximum residue levels of pesticides in or on food and feed of plant and animal origin and amending Council Directive 91/414/EEC (OJ L 70, 16.3.2005, p. 1, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2005/396/oj>) that can be analysed with multi-residue methods based on GC-MS and LC-MS (pesticides to be monitored in/on products of plant origin only).

⁽⁴⁾ Residues of Carbofuran.

⁽⁵⁾ The sampling and the analyses shall be performed in accordance with the sampling procedures and the analytical reference methods set out in point 1(a) of Annex III.

⁽⁶⁾ Residues of Dithiocarbamates (dithiocarbamates expressed as CS₂, including maneb, mancozeb, metiram, propineb, thiram and ziram) and Metrafenone.

⁽⁷⁾ Residues of Dithiocarbamates (dithiocarbamates expressed as CS₂, including maneb, mancozeb, metiram, propineb, thiram and ziram), Phenthoate and Quinalphos.

⁽⁸⁾ Foodstuffs containing or consisting of betel leaves (*Piper betle*) including, but not limited to, those declared under CN code 1404 90 00.

⁽⁹⁾ Residues of Ethylene Oxide (sum of ethylene oxide and 2-chloro-ethanol, expressed as ethylene oxide). In case of food additives, the applicable MRL is 0,1 mg/kg (LOQ). Prohibition of use of Ethylene Oxide provided for in Commission Regulation (EU) No 231/2012 of 9 March 2012 laying down specifications for food additives listed in Annexes II and III to Regulation (EC) No 1333/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 83, 22.3.2012, p. 1, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2012/231/oj>).

⁽¹⁰⁾ For the purposes of this Annex, “Sudan dyes” refers to the following chemical substances: (i) Sudan I (CAS Number 842-07-9); (ii) Sudan II (CAS Number 3118-97-6); (iii) Sudan III (CAS Number 85-86-9); (iv) Scarlet Red or Sudan IV (CAS Number 85-83-6). Residues of Sudan dyes, using a method of analysis with an LOQ, shall be lower than 0,5 mg/kg.

⁽¹¹⁾ Residues of Acephate.

⁽¹²⁾ Both finished products and raw materials, except guar gum, containing any botanicals intended for the production of food supplements declared under CN codes mentioned in column “CN code”.

⁽¹³⁾ ‘Unprocessed products’ as defined in Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on the hygiene of foodstuffs (OJ L 139, 30.4.2004, p. 1, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2004/852/oj>).

⁽¹⁴⁾ “Placing on the market” and “final consumer” as defined in Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety (OJ L 31, 1.2.2002, p. 1, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2002/178/oj>).

3. Food and feed of non-animal origin referred to in Article 1(1), point (b)(iii)

Row	Country of origin	Country from where consignments are dispatched to the Union	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub-division	Hazard	Frequency of identity and physical checks (%)
1	United States (US)	Türkiye (TR) ⁽²⁾	— Pistachios, in shell	0802 51 00			
			— Pistachios, shelled	0802 52 00			
				ex 0813 50 39	60		
			— Mixtures of nuts or dried fruits containing pistachios	ex 0813 50 91	60		
				ex 0813 50 99	60		
			— Pistachio paste	ex 2007 10 10	60		
				ex 2007 10 99	30		
				ex 2007 99 39	03; 04		
				ex 2007 99 50	32		
				ex 2007 99 97	22		
			— Pistachios, otherwise prepared or preserved, including mixtures	ex 2008 19 13	20		
				ex 2008 19 93	20		
				ex 2008 97 12	19	Aflatoxins	30
				ex 2008 97 14	19		
				ex 2008 97 16	19		
				ex 2008 97 18	19		
				ex 2008 97 32	19		
				ex 2008 97 34	19		
				ex 2008 97 36	19		
				ex 2008 97 38	19		
				ex 2008 97 51	19		
				ex 2008 97 59	19		
				ex 2008 97 72	19		
				ex 2008 97 74	19		

Row	Country of origin	Country from where consignments are dispatched to the Union	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub-division	Hazard	Frequency of identity and physical checks (%)
			— Flours, meals and powder of pistachios (Food)	ex 2008 97 76 ex 2008 97 78 ex 2008 97 92 ex 2008 97 93 ex 2008 97 94 ex 2008 97 96 ex 2008 97 97 ex 2008 97 98 ex 1106 30 90	19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 50		

⁽¹⁾ Where only certain products under any CN code are required to be examined, the CN code is marked "ex".

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Articles 10 and 11, consignments shall be accompanied by the results of sampling and analyses performed on those consignments and by the official certificate issued by the country from where those consignments are dispatched to the Union.