## Veiledning for utfylling av 5.1.350 Storbritannia, helsesertifikat, tyggebein hund, GBHC563

## Veiledning om utfylling av del 1.

Veiledning for hva som skal fylles ut i de ulike feltene i del 1 av sertifikatet finnes her: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/how-to-complete-a-health-certificate-for-imports-to-great-britain/how-tocomplete-a-health-certificate-for-imports-to-great-britain

Det er eksportør som er ansvarlig for at innholdet i sertifikatet er korrekt.

### Veiledning om utfylling av del 2.

## Part III. Notes for completion

These notes for completion must be read and understood by the certifying officer before signing the certificate. Notes are set out in sections that correspond to the sections in the certificate. By signing this certificate, certifiers are verifying that the consignment meets the requirements set out in the certificate and any relevant corresponding notes for completion.

These notes do not need to be printed as part of a paper certificate that accompanies the consignment or in any electronic copy of the certificate.

References to European Union legislation within this certificate are references to direct EU legislation which has been retained in Great Britain (retained EU law as defined in the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018) and can be viewed on the UK legislation website (legislation.gov.uk).

References to Great Britain in this certificate include Channel Islands and Isle of Man.

References to GB requirements refer to the requirement(s) of Great Britain as set out in the accompanying notes for completion.

## Part I

| Box reference I.6: | Person responsible for the consignment in Great Britain: this box is to be filled in only if it is a |
|--------------------|--|
|                    | certificate for transit commodity: it may be filled in if the certificate is for a commodity         |
|                    | to be imported into Great Britain.   |

Box reference 1.12: Place of destination: this box is to be filled in only if it is a certificate for a transit commodity. Products in transit may only be stored in free zones, free warehouses and custom warehouses.

Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship); the information is to be provided in the event of unloading and reloading in Great Britain.

Box reference I.19: 05.11, 23.09, 41.01 or 42.05.

Box reference I.23: For bulk containers, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) must be included.

Technical use: any use other than feeding of farmed animals, other than fur

Box reference I.25: animals, and the production or manufacturing or pet food.

Box reference I.26 and I.27: Fill in according to whether it is a transit or an import certificate.

Box reference I.28: Species: select from the following: Aves, Ruminantia, Suidae, Mammalia other

#### Part II

#### **Animal Health**

By signing this certificate, you, the official veterinarian, are certifying that you have read and understood Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009, and in particular Article 10 of that Regulation, and Commission Regulation (EU) No 142/2011, and in particular Chapter II of Annex XIII and Chapter II of Annex XIV thereto.

### AH/P007 Product requirements (segregation)

No further notes for completion.

# AH/P101H Product requirements (composition)

One or more options can be selected.

- **A:** Carcases and parts of animals slaughtered or, in the case of game, bodies or parts of animals killed which were deemed fit for human consumption in accordance with retained EU law until irreversibly declared as animal by-products for commercial reasons.
- **B:** Carcases and the following parts originating either from animals that were slaughtered in a slaughterhouse and were considered fit for slaughter for human consumption following an antemortem inspection or bodies and the following parts of animals from game killed for human consumption in accordance with retained EU law:
  - (i) carcases or bodies and parts of animals which were rejected as unfit for human consumption in accordance with retained EU law, but which did not show any signs of disease communicable to humans or animals;
  - (ii) heads of poultry;
  - (iii) hides and skins, including trimmings and splitting thereof, horns and feet, including the phalanges and the carpus and metacarpus bones, tarsus and metatarsus bones;
  - (iv) pig bristles;
  - (v) feathers.
- **C:** Blood of animals which did not show any signs of disease communicable through blood to humans or animals, obtained from animals that have been slaughtered in a slaughterhouse after having been considered fit for slaughter for human consumption following an ante-mortem inspection in accordance with retained EU law.
- **D:** Animal by-products arising from the production of products intended for human consumption, including degreased bone, greaves and centrifuge or separator sludge from milk processing.
- **E:** Aquatic animals, and parts of such animals, except sea mammals, which did not show any signs of diseases communicable to humans or animals.
- **F:** Animal by-products from aquatic animals originating from establishments or plants manufacturing products for human consumption.
- **G:** Material from animals which have been treated with certain substances which are prohibited by Council Directive 96/22/EC, the import of the material being permitted in accordance with Article 35(a)(ii) of Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009.

# AH/P526 Packaging

No further notes for completion.

## AH/P715 Product requirements No

further notes for completion.

#### AH/P804 Testing

The animal by-product must be analysed by a random sampling of at least five samples from each processed batch taken during or after storage at the processing plant and comply with the following standards:

- Salmonella: absence in 25 g: n=5, c=0, m=0, M=0
- Enterobacteriaceae: n=5, c=2, m=10, M=300 in 1 gram

### Where:

n = number of samples to be tested;

- m = threshold value for the number of bacteria; the result is considered satisfactory if the number of bacteria in all samples does not exceed m;
- M = maximum value for the number of bacteria; the result is considered unsatisfactory if the number of bacteria in one or more samples is M or more; and
- c = number of samples the bacterial count of which may be between m and M, the sample still being considered acceptable if the bacterial count of the other samples is m or less.

## **Public Health**

# PH/D011A Bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE)

The products described in Part I of the certificate:

**EITHER** are derived from other ruminants than bovine, ovine or caprine animals.

**OR** are derived from bovine, ovine or caprine animals, and do not contain and are not derived from:

**EITHER**(a) bovine, ovine and caprine materials other than those derived from animals born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country or region classified as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published

on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001(‡);

OR (b) the following:

- (i) specified risk material as defined in point 1 of Annex V to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council and mechanically separated meat obtained from bones of bovine, ovine or caprine animals, except from those animals that were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country or region classified as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001(‡), in which there have been no indigenous BSE cases.
- (ii) animal by-product or derived product obtained from bovine, ovine or caprine animals which have been killed, after stunning, by laceration of the central nervous tissue by means of an elongated rod-shaped instrument introduced into the cranial cavity, or by means of gas injected into the cranial cavity, except for those animals that were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country or region classified as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001. (†)

(‡) A document relating to the 'Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (BSE) risk status' of approved trading partners published by the Secretary of State, with the consent of the Scottish and Welsh Ministers, can be found at:

<u>Animal health status of countries approved to export animals and animal products to Great Britain - data.gov.uk</u>

(Available at: https://www.data.gov.uk/dataset/b7712d2e-debb-4996-8e79-d27ca7492a00/animal-health-status-of-countries-approved-to-export-animals-and-animal-products-to-great-britain)